Amendment Under 37 C.F.R. §1.111

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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

What is claimed is:

1. (currently amended): A two-photon absorbing polymerizable composition comprising at least a two-photon absorbing compound, a polymerization initiator and a polymerizable compound, said composition being photopolymerizable upon non-resonant two-photon absorption, wherein said two-photon absorbing compound is a methine-dye cyanine dye represented by the following formula (3), a merocyanine dye represented by the following formula (5) or a dye compound represented by the following formula (1):

$$X^{2} - \left(CR^{4} = CR^{3}\right)_{m} C - \left(CR^{1} = CR^{2}\right)_{n} X^{1}$$

$$O$$
(1)

wherein R¹, R², R³ and R⁴ each independently represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent and some of R¹, R², R³ and R⁴ may combine with each other to form a ring; n and m each independently represents an integer of 0 to 4 and when n and m each is 2 or more, the plurality of

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 R^1 s, R^2 s, R^3 s or R^4 s may be the same or different, provided that n and m are not 0 at the same time; and X^1 and X^2 each independently represents an aryl group, a heterocyclic group or a group represented by formula (2):

$$-CR^{5}$$

$$\downarrow^{N}_{R^{6}}$$
(2)

wherein R⁵ represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent, R⁶ represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aryl group or a heterocyclic group, and Z¹ represents an atomic group for forming a 5- or 6-membered ring;

$$Ra_{1} \xrightarrow{+} N \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{1} - Ma_{2} \xrightarrow{+} Ra_{2} \xrightarrow{-} C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{3} = Ma_{4} \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{5} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{6} = Ma_{7} \xrightarrow{+} Ra_{2}$$

$$CIy$$

$$Ra_{3} \xrightarrow{+N} \left(Ma_{8} = Ma_{9} \right) \underbrace{-Ma_{10} - Ma_{11}}_{ka^{2}}$$

$$Za_{4}$$

$$CIy$$

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$$Za_{5} \longrightarrow Ma_{12} - Ma_{13} \longrightarrow Ma_{14} \longrightarrow Za_{6} \qquad (5)$$

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wherein Za₁, Za₂ and Za₃ each represents an atomic group for forming a 5- or 6-membered nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring, Za₄, Za₅ and Za₆ each represents an atomic group for forming a 5- or 6-membered ring, Ra₁, Ra₂ and Ra₃ each independently represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aryl group or a heterocyclic group, Ma₁ to Ma₁₄ each independently represents a methine group, which may have a substituent or may form a ring together with another methine group, na¹, na² and na³ each represents 0 or 1, ka¹ and ka³ each represents an integer of 0 to 3, provided that when ka¹ is 2 or more, multiple Ma₃s or Ma₄s may be the same or different and when ka³ is 2 or more, multiple Ma₁₂s or Ma₁₃s may be the same or different, ka² represents an integer of 0 to 8, provided that when ka² is 2 or more, multiple Ma₁₀s or Ma₁₁s may be the same or different, CI represents an ion for neutralizing the electric charge, and y represents a number necessary for the neutralization of electric charge.

- 2. (canceled).
- 3. (canceled).
- 4. (canceled).

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5. (original): The two-photon absorbing polymerizable composition as claimed in claim

[[3]] $\underline{1}$, wherein in the compound represented by formula (1), X^1 and X^2 each is a group

represented by formula (2).

6. (currently amended): The two-photon absorbing polymerizable composition as

claimed in claim 1, wherein the polymerization initiator is 1) ketone base ketone containing

polymerization initiator, 2) an organic peroxide base peroxide containing polymerization

initiator, 3) a bisimidazole base bisimidazole containing polymerization initiator, 4) a

trihalomethyl-substituted triazine-base triazine containing polymerization initiator, 5) a

diazonium salt base salt containing polymerization initiator, 6) a diaryliodonium salt base salt

containing polymerization initiator, 7) a sulfonium salt base salt containing polymerization

initiator, 8) a triphenylalkylborate-base triphenylalkylborate containing polymerization initiator,

9) a diaryliodonium organic boron complex base complex containing polymerization initiator,

10) a sulfonium organic boron complex-base complex containing polymerization initiator, 11) a

cationic two-photon absorbing compound and organic boron complex complex containing

polymerization initiator, 12) an anionic two-photon absorbing compound and onium salt

complex base complex containing polymerization initiator, 13) a metal arene complex base

complex containing polymerization initiator or 14) a sulfonic acid ester-base polymerization

initiator.

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7. (currently amended): The two-photon absorbing polymerizable composition as claimed

in claim 1, wherein the polymerization initiator contains a polymerization initiator capable of

generating at least one radical and the polymerizable compound contains a radical polymerizable

compound capable of undergoing polymerization under the action of at least one radical.

8. (currently amended): The two-photon absorbing polymerizable composition as claimed

in claim 1, wherein the polymerization initiator contains a polymerization initiator capable of

generating an acid without generating at least one radical and the polymerizable compound

contains a cationic polymerizable compound capable of undergoing polymerization under the

action of at least one acid.

9. (currently amended): The two-photon absorbing polymerizable composition as claimed

in claim 1, wherein the polymerization initiator contains a polymerization initiator capable of

generating both at least one radical and at least one acid and the polymerizable compound

contains either one or both of a radical polymerizable compound capable of undergoing

polymerization under the action of at least one radical and a cationic polymerizable compound

<u>capable</u> of undergoing polymerization under the action of at least one acid.

10. (original): A two-photon absorbing polymerizable composition comprising at least a

two-photon absorbing compound and a polymerizable compound, said composition being

photopolymerizable upon non-resonant two-photon absorption, wherein said two-photon

absorbing compound is a methine dye cyanine dye represented by the following formula (3), a

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merocyanine dye represented by the following formula (4), an oxonol dye represented by the following formula (5) or a dye compound represented by the following formula (1):

$$X^{2} - \left(CR^{4} = CR^{3}\right)_{m} C - \left(CR^{1} = CR^{2}\right)_{n} X^{1}$$

$$(1)$$

wherein R^1 , R^2 , R^3 and R^4 each independently represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent and some of R^1 , R^2 , R^3 and R^4 may combine with each other to form a ring; n and m each independently represents an integer of 0 to 4 and when n and m each is 2 or more, the plurality of R^1 s, R^2 s, R^3 s or R^4 s may be the same or different, provided that n and m are not 0 at the same time; and X^1 and X^2 each independently represents an aryl group, a heterocyclic group or a group represented by formula (2):

$$-CR^{5} = \sum_{R^{6}}^{N} Z^{1}$$
 (2)

wherein R⁵ represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent, R⁶ represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aryl group or a heterocyclic group, and Z¹ represents an atomic group for forming a 5- or 6-membered ring;

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$$Ra_{1} \xrightarrow{+} N + Ma_{1} - Ma_{2} \xrightarrow{+} na^{1} C + (Ma_{3} - Ma_{4}) \xrightarrow{ka^{1}} Ma_{5} = C + (Ma_{6} - Ma_{7}) \xrightarrow{na^{2}} N - Ra_{2}$$

$$CIy$$

$$Ra_{3} \xrightarrow{+} N + (Ma_{8} - Ma_{9}) \xrightarrow{na^{3}} C + (Ma_{10} - Ma_{11}) \xrightarrow{ka^{2}} Za_{4}$$

$$CIy$$

$$Za_{5} \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{12} - Ma_{13} \xrightarrow{ka^{3}} Ma_{14} \xrightarrow{-} Za_{6}$$

$$CIy$$

$$CIy$$

wherein Za1, Za2 and Za3 each represents an atomic group for forming a 5- or 6-membered nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring, Za₄, Za₅ and Za₆ each represents an atomic group for forming a 5- or 6-membered ring, Ra₁, Ra₂ and Ra₃ each independently represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aryl group or a heterocyclic group, Ma1 to Ma14 each independently represents a methine group, which may have a substituent or may form a ring together with another methine group, na¹, na² and na³ each represents 0 or 1, ka¹ and ka³ each represents an integer of 0 to 3, provided that when ka¹ is 2 or more, multiple Ma₃s or Ma₄s may

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be the same or different and when ka³ is 2 or more, multiple Ma₁₂s or Ma₁₃s may be the same or different, ka² represents an integer of 0 to 8, provided that when ka² is 2 or more, multiple Ma₁₀s or Ma₁₁s may be the same or different, CI represents an ion for neutralizing the electric charge, and y represents a number necessary for the neutralization of electric charge.

- 11. (currently amended): The two-photon absorbing polymerizable composition as claimed in claim 10, wherein the two photon absorbing compound is a cyanine dye represented by formula (3), a merocyanine dye represented by formula (4), an executed by formula (5), or a compound represented by formula (1) where wherein in the compound represented by formula (1) X^1 and X^2 each is a group represented by formula (2).
- 12. (original): A polymerization process comprising irradiating the two-photon absorbing polymerizable composition claimed in claim 1 with a laser ray at a wavelength being longer than the linear absorption band of the two-photon absorbing compound and not having linear absorption, and causing a polymerization reaction by using the two-photon absorption induced.
- 13. (original): A polymerization process comprising irradiating the two-photon absorbing polymerizable composition claimed in claim 10 with a laser ray at a wavelength being longer than the linear absorption band of the two-photon absorbing compound and not having linear absorption, and causing a polymerization reaction by using the two-photon absorption induced.
- 14. (original): A three-dimensional optical recording medium comprising the two-photon absorbing polymerizable composition claimed in claim 1.

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15. (original): A three-dimensional optical recording medium comprising the two-photon

absorbing polymerizable composition claimed in claim 10.

16. (original): A stereolithography composition comprising the two-photon absorbing

polymerizable composition claimed in claim 1.

17. (original): A stereolithography composition comprising the two-photon absorbing

polymerizable composition claimed in claim 10.

18. (currently amended): A two-photon absorbing polymerizable composition

comprising at least two-photon absorbing compound, a polymerization initiator and a

polymerizable compound, said composition being photopolymerizable upon non-resonant two-

photon absorption,

wherein the polymerization initiator is 1) an organic peroxide base peroxide containing

polymerization initiator, 2) a bisimidazole base bisimidazole containing polymerization initiator,

3) a trihalomethyl-substituted triazine base triazine containing polymerization initiator, 4) a

diazonium salt base salt containing polymerization initiator, 5) a sulfonium salt base salt

containing polymerization initiator, 6) a borate base borate containing polymerization initiator,

7) a diaryliodonium organic boron complex-base complex containing polymerization initiator, 8)

a sulfonium organic boron complex base complex containing polymerization initiator, 9) a

cationic two-photon absorbing compound organic boron complex base complex containing

polymerization initiator, 10) an anionic two-photon absorbing compound onium salt complex-

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base complex containing polymerization initiator, 11) a metal arene complex base complex containing polymerization initiator or 12) a sulfonic acid ester-base polymerization initiator and

wherein said two-photon absorbing compound is a cyanine dye represented by the following formula (3), a merocyanine dye represented by the following formula (4), an oxonol dye represented by the following formula (5) or a dye compound represented by the following formula (1):

$$X^{2} - \left(CR^{4} = CR^{3}\right)_{m} C - \left(CR^{1} = CR^{2}\right)_{n} X^{1}$$

$$(1)$$

wherein R^1 , R^2 , R^3 and R^4 each independently represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent and some of R^1 , R^2 , R^3 and R^4 may combine with each other to form a ring; n and m each independently represents an integer of 0 to 4 and when n and m each is 2 or more, the plurality of R^1 s, R^2 s, R^3 s or R^4 s may be the same or different, provided that n and m are not 0 at the same time; and X^1 and X^2 each independently represents an aryl group, a heterocyclic group or a group represented by formula (2):

$$-CR^5 = \sum_{\substack{N \\ R^6}} Z^1$$
 (2)

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wherein R⁵ represents a hydrogen atom or a substituent, R⁶ represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aryl group or a heterocyclic group, and Z¹ represents an atomic group for forming a 5- or 6-membered ring;

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$$Ra_{1} \xrightarrow{+} N \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{1} - Ma_{2} \xrightarrow{+} C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{3} = Ma_{4} \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{5} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{6} = Ma_{7} \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{1} - Ma_{2} \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{2} - Ma_{3} = Ma_{4} \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{5} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{6} = Ma_{7} \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{1} - Ma_{2} \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{1} - Ma_{2} \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{2} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{1} - Ma_{2} \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{2} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{1} - Ma_{2} \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{2} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{1} - Ma_{2} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{2} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{2} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{3} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{2} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{2} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{3} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{4} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{5} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{1} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{2} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{2} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{3} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{2} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{3} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{4} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{5} = C \xrightarrow{+} Ma_{5$$

$$Ra_{3} \xrightarrow{+N} \left(Ma_{8} = Ma_{9} \right)_{na^{3}} C \xrightarrow{+Ma_{10} - Ma_{11}}_{ka^{2}} Aa_{4}$$

$$CIy$$

$$Za_{5} \longrightarrow Ma_{12}-Ma_{13} \longrightarrow Ma_{14} \longrightarrow Za_{6} \qquad (5)$$

wherein Za₁, Za₂ and Za₃ each represents an atomic group for forming a 5- or 6-membered nitrogen-containing heterocyclic ring, Za₄, Za₅ and Za₆ each represents an atomic group for forming a 5- or 6-membered ring, Ra₁, Ra₂ and Ra₃ each independently represents a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkenyl group, an aryl group or a heterocyclic group, Ma₁ to

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Ma14 each independently represents a methine group, which may have a substituent or may form

a ring together with another methine group, na¹, na² and na³ each represents 0 or 1, ka¹ and ka³

each represents an integer of 0 to 3, provided that when ka1 is 2 or more, multiple Ma3s or Ma4s

may be the same or different and when ka³ is 2 or more, multiple Ma₁₂s or Ma₁₃s may be the

same or different, ka² represents an integer of 0 to 8, provided that when ka² is 2 or more,

multiple Ma₁₀s or Ma₁₁s may be the same or different, CI represents an ion for neutralizing the

electric charge, and y represents a number necessary for the neutralization of electric charge.